THE STATUS OF WORKING FAMILIES IN INDIANA

A SUMMARY OF KEY FINDINGS IN THE 2018 REPORT

INDIANA'S JOBS, EMPLOYMENT AND LABOR FORCE ARE HEADED TOWARD A LOW-WAGE FUTURE



7 IN 10 HOOSIER JOBS

in 2026 are projected to be low-income for a family of three.

INDIANA'S WAGES, INCOME AND COST OF LIVING ARE OUT-OF-SYNC

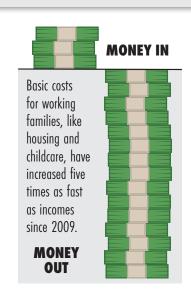
MEDIAN HOUSEHOLD INCOME



Since 2009, the average Hoosier working 40 hours a week has LOST \$16,099 IN ANNUAL WAGES

CHILD CARE for a toddler is more expensive in Indiana than in any other Midwest state.





EFFECTS OF STATE TAX CHANGES SINCE 2012 THE BOTTOM 99% CONTINUES TO GROW

The TOP 1% saw a TAX CUT of \$2,446

The BOTTOM 60% of middle class and working families saw an average TAX HIKE of \$36

One person in the top 1% of workers BOTTOM makes 17.3 times the average income of one person in the bottom 99%.

INEQUALITY BETWEEN THE TOP 1% AND

The state has awarded MORE THAN \$8 BILLION TO **CORPORATIONS** in more than 9.935 economic development deals since 2000, but WAGES FOR THE BOTTOM HALF OF HOOSIERS HAVE DECLINED in that time.

PROJECTIONS SHOW AN INCREASING RATE OF **LOW-WAGE JOBS, BUT** EMPLOYERS DEMAND

LAST PLACE

Indiana is 12th out of 12 Midwest states for the percentage of adults with a post-secondary

credential.

62.3%

Only 37.7% of Hoosier adults hold a post-secondary degree or credential (2016)

POVERTY AND RATES OF LOW-INCOME HOOSIERS HAVE GROWN. SAFETY NET POLICIES MUST RISE TO THE CHALLENGE



OF ALL MIDWEST STATES FOR

POVERTY WAGES and LOW-INCOME **WORKING FAMILIES**

THIRD-WORST OF ALL MIDWEST STATES FOR

POVERTY, CHILD POVERTY and LOW-INCOME RESIDENTS



Indiana must reclaim a place of leadership for both businesses and working families, so that Indiana is a 'state that works' for ALL Hoosiers.

